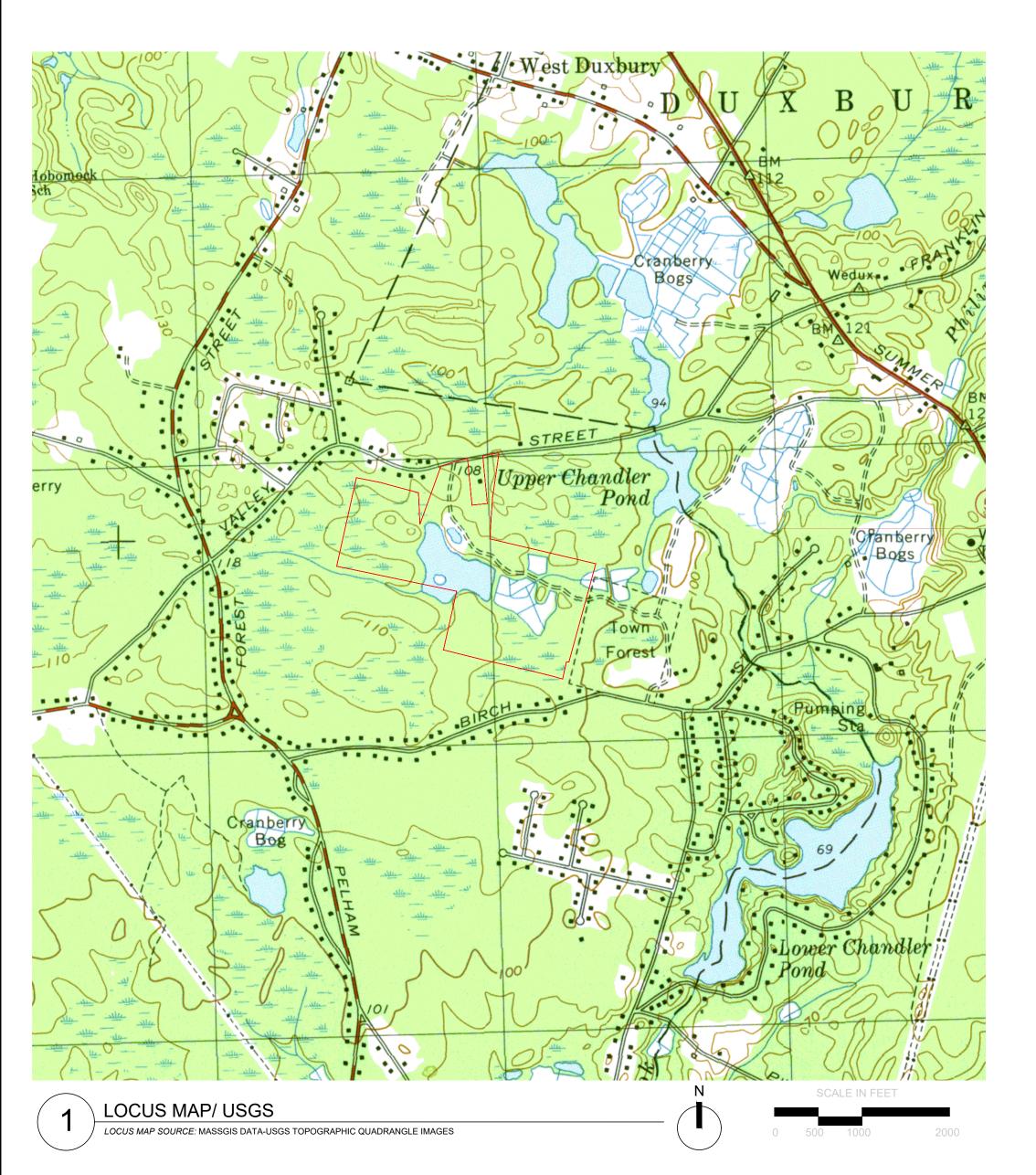
## J&J FAMILY FARM AND SUNRAISE SOLAR ENERGY FACILITY PERMITTING PLAN SET

## 235 VALLEY STREET

(ASSESSOR'S MAP F4 LOT 2)

TOWN OF PEMBROKE, MASSACHUSETTS
APRIL 26, 2019





BASE MAP SOURCE: MICROSOFT DIGITALGLOBE ORTHO IMAGERY (REFERENCED NOVEMBER 2018)

## SHEET INDEX

1.0: COVER

2.0: EXISTING CONDITIONS

3.0: SITE PLAN-CLEARING AND EROSION CONTROL

4.0: SITE PLAN- SOLAR ARRAY LAYOUT

5.0: SITE DETAILS

6.0: EXISTING HYDROLOGY

6.1: PROPOSED HYDROLOGY

## **REQUESTED WAIVERS**

THE APPLICANT REQUESTS RELIEF FROM THE STRICT APPLICATION OF THE FOLLOWING WAVERS:

4.15 DEVELOPMENT IMPACT STATEMENT

• 4.22 TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDY

• 4.7 LANDSCAPE PLAN

Pembroke Zoning Table

rembloke zoning lable						
	Residentail A Zone			Solar Overlay		
	Requirement	Existing	Proposed	Requirement	Existing	Proposed
Lot Size (sf)	40,000	4,878,720	Same	3 Acres	112 Acres	Same
Frontage (If)	150	450	Same			
Front Yard Setback	40	N/A	69	50	N/A	69
Side Yard Setback	20	N/A	161	50	N/A	161
Rear Yard Setback	25	N/A	159	50	N/A	159
Height (stories)	2 1/2	N/A	< 2 1/2 (<10')			

TOWN OF PEM	BROKE PLANNING BOARD	
MEMBER		DATE:
	N APPROVAL DOES NOT NE WITH THE PEMBROKE ZONI	

I, TOWN CLERK OF THE TOWN OF PEMBROKE, MA HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE NOTICE OF APPROVAL OF THIS PLAN BY THE PLANNING BOARD HAS BEEN RECEIVED AND RECORDED AT THIS OFFICE AND NO APPEAL WAS RECEIVED DURING THE NEXT TWENTY DAYS AFTER RECEIPT AND RECORDING OF SAID NOTICE.

PEMBROKE TOWN CLERK

\_ DATE. \_\_\_\_



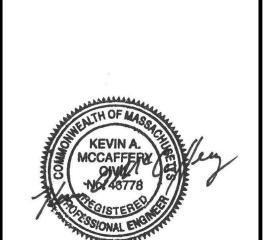
Site / Civil Engineering Prepared By:

Civil Design

Group, llc

www.cdgengineering.com p: 978-794-5400 f: 978-965-3971

VALLEY ROAD SOLAR, LLC



Project Title:

J&J FAMILY FARM AND SUNRAISE SOLAR ENERGY FACILITY PEMBROKE, MA

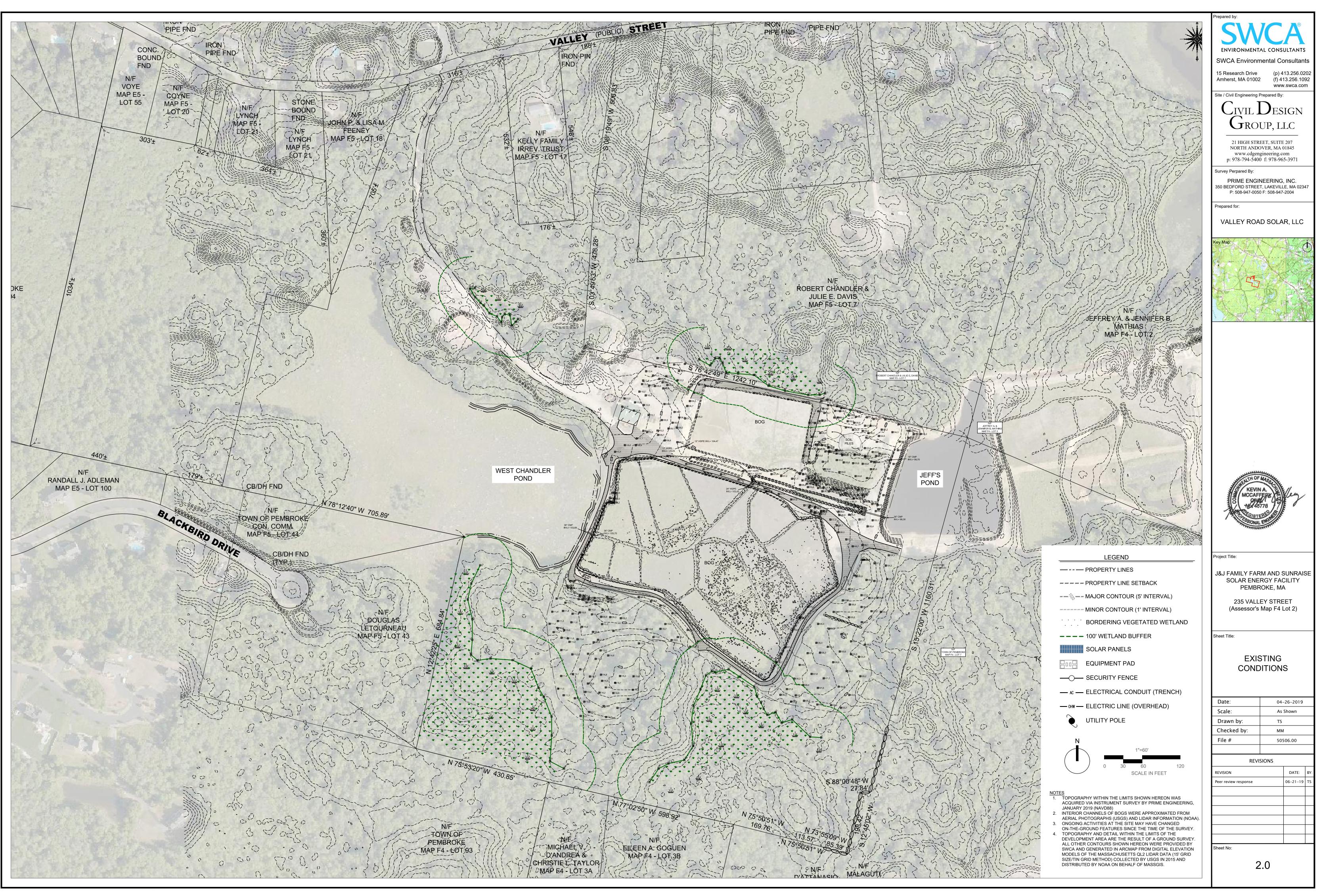
235 VALLEY STREET (Assessor's Map F4 Lot 2)

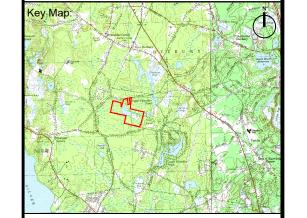
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COVER PAGE

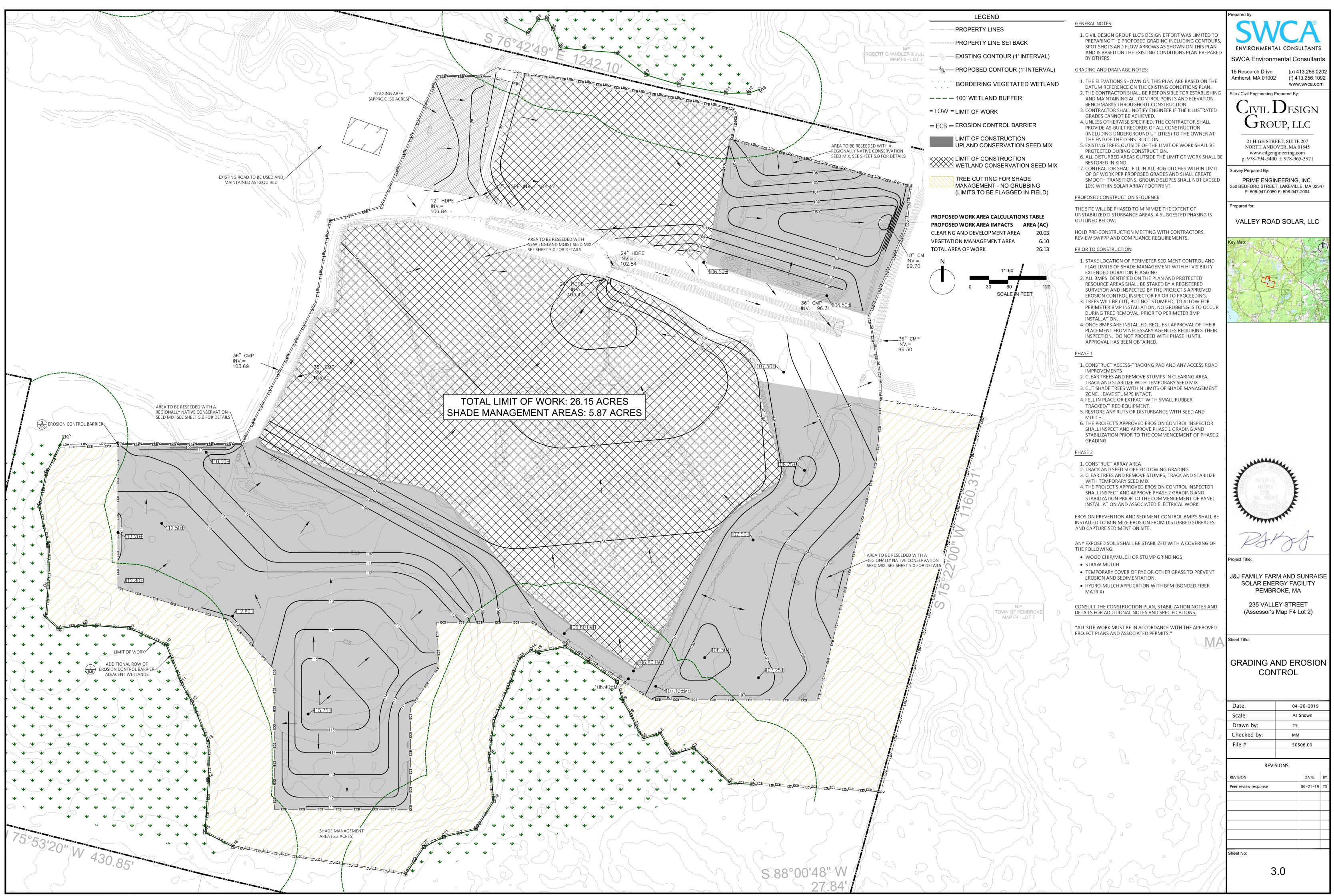
Date:	04-26-2019			
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REVISIONS				
REVISION		DATE:	BY:	
Peer review response	06-21-19	TS		

1.0

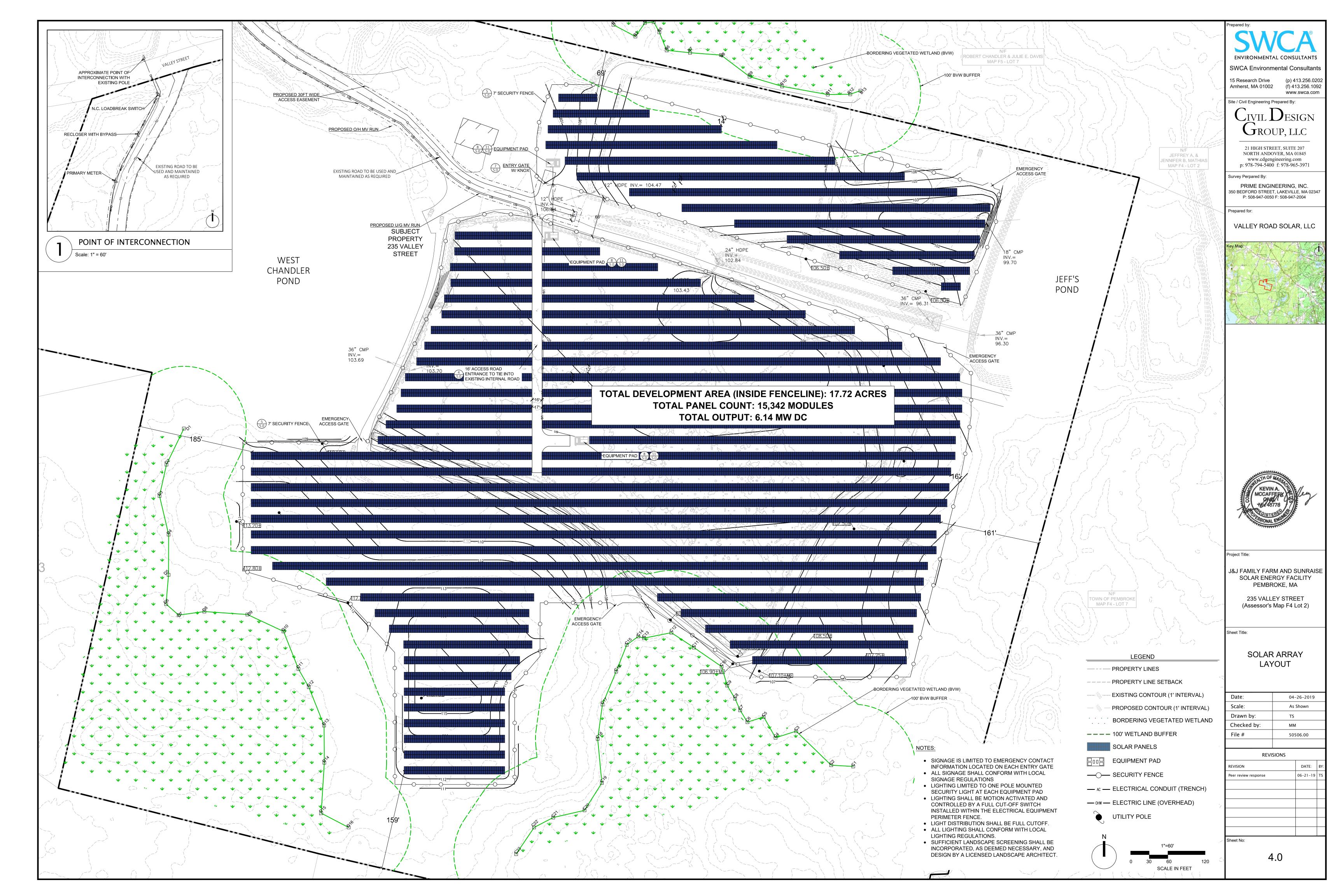


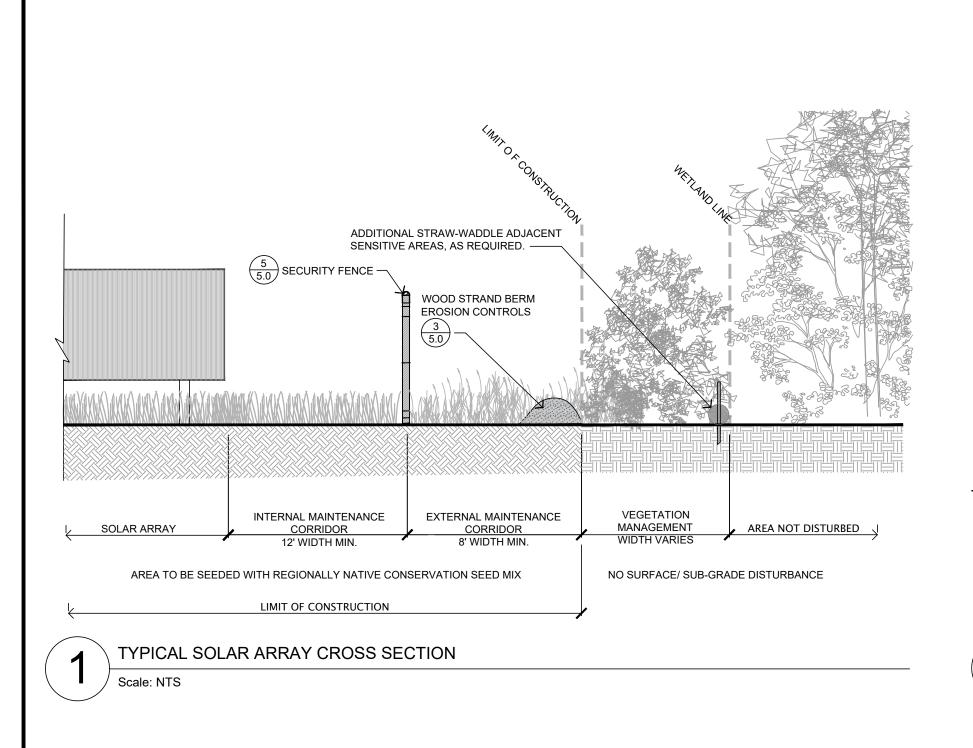


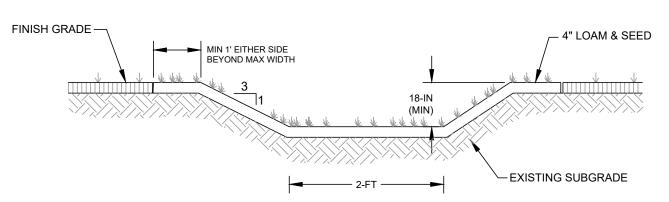
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DEVICIONS			









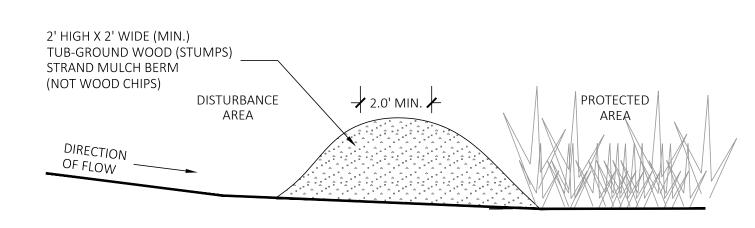


1. SWALE BOTTOM AND SIDESLOPES SHALL BE LINED WITH STRAW EROSION MAT. 2. VEGETATED SWALE SHALL GENERALLY BE PLACED ON SLOPES LESS THAN 5%.

3. SWALES SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH AN APPROPRIATE DEEP ROOTED GRASS MIXTURE, SEE "NEW ENGLAND MOIST MIX" 4. IF FLOW CONDITIONS WARRANT, A TEMPORARY DIVERSION SHOULD BE USED TO DIVERT RUNOFF AWAY

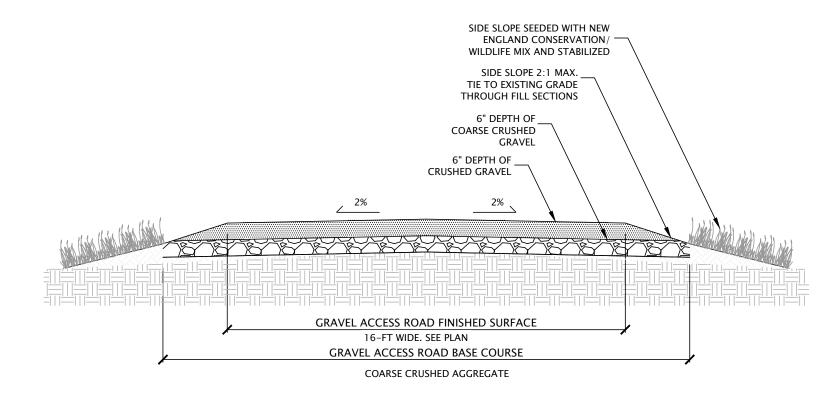
FROM THE SWALE UNTIL VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED AND STABLE. 5. ALSO SEE DETAIL 3, SHEET 5.0.

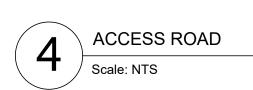
**VEGETATED SWALE** Scale: NTS

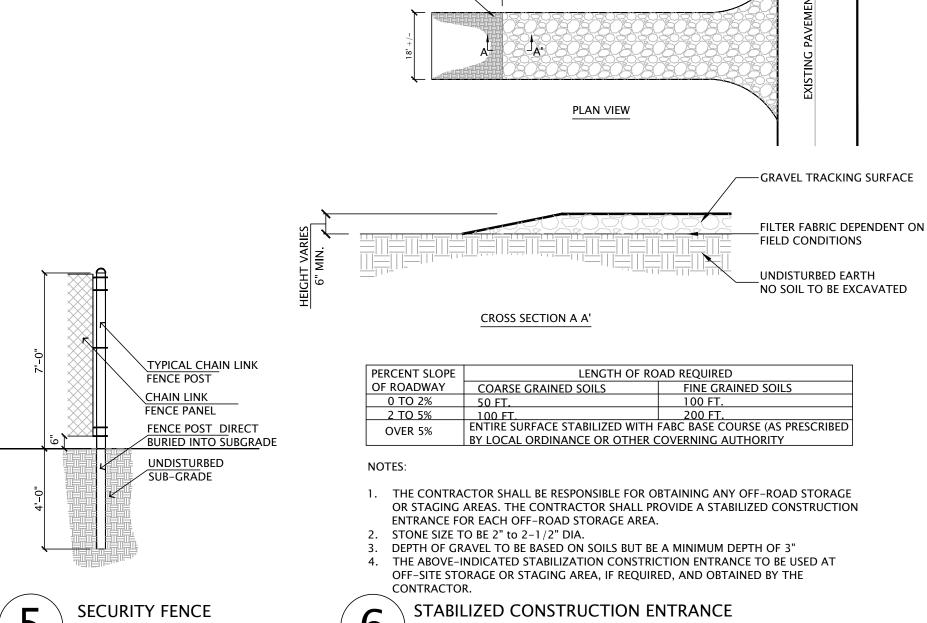


TO BE USED WHERE SHOWN ON PLAN, AT MINIMUM, MAY BE ADDED IN OTHER LOCATIONS WHERE DEEMED APPROPRIATE.

WOOD STRAND BERM EROSION CONTROL BARRIER Scale: NTS







Scale: NTS

ACCESS ROAD

TO TABLE MIN. 50 FEET

\_ 12-IN THICK CONCRETE SLAB #5 BARS AT 12-IN OC EACH WAY TOP AND BOTTOM WITH 3-IN COVER, SEE SITE PLANS FOR DIMENSIONS — 4-IN REVEAL - SEEDING BASED ON PLAN 3/4-IN CRUSHED ROCK OR ROAD BASE, 12-IN DEPTH 1) SPECIFICATIONS OF PAD TO BE CONFIRMED BY INVERTER VENDOR. 2) SEE ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS FOR DETAILS ON ANCHORS, CHASES, EQUIPMENT PLACEMENT, AND GROUNDING REQUIREMENTS. 8 EQUIPMENT PAD
Scale: NTS

POLLINATOR / WILDFLOWER SEED MIX (CUSTOM)

20 LBS./ ACRE

Common Name

Broomsedge

Annual Ryegrass

Plains Coreopsis

Blackeyed Susan

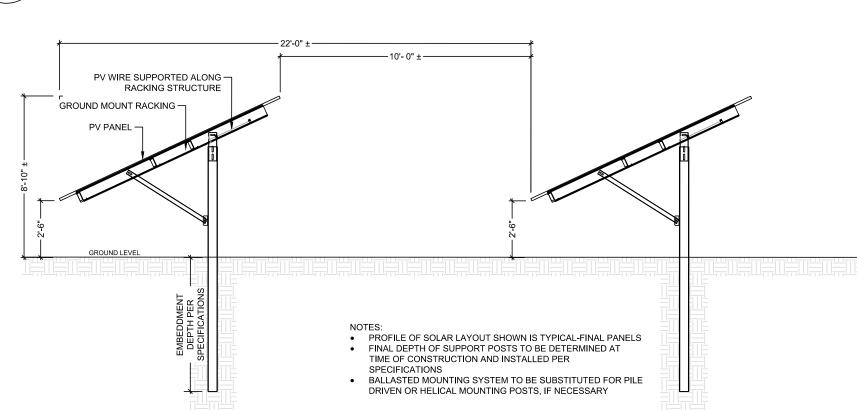
Common Yarrow

Butterfly Milkweed

Lanceleaf Coreopsis

Sheep Fescue

Little Bluestem 'Camper'



Bulk Pound (lb.)

0.25

0.2

0.12

0.15

0.08

0.08

0.05

0.05

0.05

SOLAR ARRAY PANELS (TYPICAL) Scale: NTS

Botanical Name

Festuca ovina

Schizachyrium scoparium

Andropogon virginicus

Coreopsis lanceolata

Lolium multiflorum

Coreopsis tinctoria

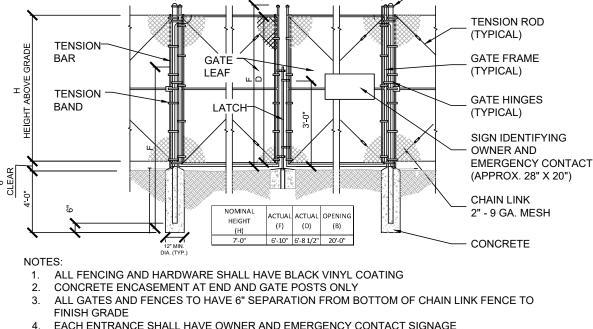
Achillea millefolium

Aesclepias tuberosa

PRESCRIBED SEED MIXES

Rudbeckia hirta

NEW ENGE/IND MOIOT MIX TED/	1000 00.
SPECIES	
Upland Bentgrass (Agrostis perennans)	
Creeping Bentgrass (Agrostis stolonifera)	
Big Bluestem (Andropogon gerardii)	
Fox Sedge (Carex vulpinoidea)	
Canada Wild Rye (Elymus canadensis)	
Virginia Wild Rye (Elymus virginicus)	
Creeping Red Fescue (Festuca rubra)	
Soft Rush (Juncus effusus)	
Switchgrass (Panicum virgatum)	
Little Bluestem (Schizachyrium scoparium)	
Green Bulrush (Scirpus atrovirens)	
New England Aster (Aster novae-angliae)	
Spotted Joe-Pye Weed (Eupatorium maculatum)	
Blue Vervain (Verbena hastata)	
	TOTAL



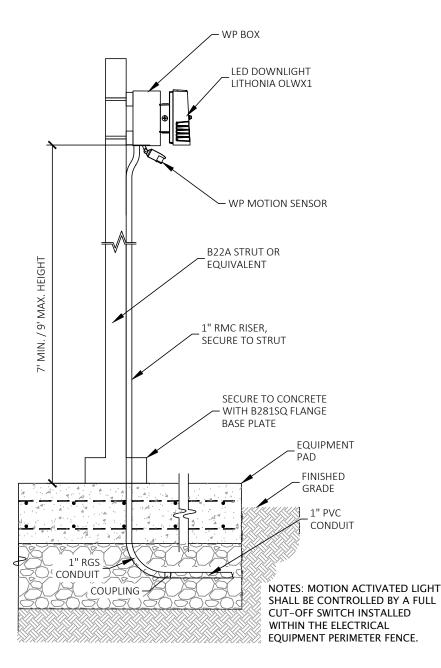
POST CAP

(TYPICAL)

CONTACT SIGNAGE SHALL CONFORM TO MUNICIPAL SIGN STANDARDS

6. AT INSTALLATION EACH ENTRANCE SHALL CONTAIN A KNOX BOX FOR EMERGENCY ACCESS

CHAIN LINK SECURITY FENCE - DOUBLE GATE Scale: NTS



LIGHTING MOUNTING - DOWNLIGHT Scale: NTS

NEW ENGLAND MOIST MIX 1LB/ 1500 SQ.FT. **PERCENT** 7.5 5.5 0.5 0.5 100

I. Erosion Control Plan

Erosion and sediment control methods for the site include structural and stabilization practices. Stabilization practices will be implemented to cover exposed soil so that discharge of sediment is minimized. Stabilization practices reduce the time soil is exposed to the elements therefore reducing the possibility of erosion. An adequate stockpile of erosion control materials will be maintained at the construction site in the event of an emergency or

Structural practices involve the construction of devices to divert and limit runoff. These practices limit the amount of storm water entering a disturbed area or trap sediment prior to storm water leaving a site. The following are the procedures to be followed:

- 1. The site construction foreman shall be designated as the on-site individual who will be responsible for the daily maintenance of all sediment and erosion controls, and shall implement all measures necessary to control erosion and to prevent sediment from
- 2. Prior to any site grading or site work, the contractor shall install all specified sediment and erosion controls, which will also serve as the limit of construction. The sediment controls will be as specified on the approved plans.
- 3. Any work up to the wetland resource area is to have a double row of erosion control barrier. Erosion control type as shown on the plans to be field verified based on construction timing, phasing and site conditions.
- 4. A construction exit shall be constructed to shed dirt from construction vehicle tires. The crushed stone pad will be replaced/cleaned as needed to maintain its effectiveness.
- 5. Temporary sediment basins may be used as needed during construction. Sediment shall be removed from the basins on a as needed basis or when the sediment reaches a depth of more than 3".
- 6. Construction debris and sediment shall be kept on site and shall not be permitted to migrate beyond the project boundaries.
- 7. Once the site is stable, the sediment and erosion controls may be removed under the direction of the erosion control specialist.
- II. Other Controls

The following additional controls shall be implemented during construction in order to minimize erosion and runoff from the project location:

- 8. No chemicals (cement, mortar, etc.) shall be mixed or poured within any wetlands or
- 9. Solid waste will be collected and stored in a secure dumpster. The dumpster shall meet all local and state solid waste management regulations.
- 10. Construction debris may include lumber, concrete, steel, or other debris and site materials requiring removal. These materials will be disposed of according to state and federal law and will not be disposed of on site. Excess soil generated from this site requires characterization prior to removal. Rather than export material, it is preferred that minor excavations are reused on site as backfill in the same general area it originated.
- area of construction. All areas outside the limits of disturbance shall remain undisturbed.
- 12. Continuous lines of erosion controls shall enclose the downstream sides of the work area, these combined with up-slope markers (cons. fence and/or flagging) will serve as the limit of work.
- 13. All erosion and sediment control measures shall be maintained or replaced as required to assure proper function.
- 14. All breaches or failures in sediment controls shall be immediately repaired or replaced.
- 15. Debris and litter, which accumulates along the construction area, shall be removed daily. 16. Sediment build-up behind any silt fences or erosion control barriers will be monitored
- and removed whenever sediment has accumulated to 3-inches in depth.

17. Other controls will be implemented, as deemed necessary by the contractor, during the

- construction of the project.
- 18. If conditions warrant, additional de-watering controls may be needed such as dirt bags, frac tanks or other measures.
- III. Phasing and General Construction Sequence

In order to further minimize sediment loss on the site, a general construction sequence plan has been developed. Prior to conducting work associated with this project, the contractor shall be required to obtain all copies of permit applications and approvals that outline conditions governing the proposed work. The contractor will also review the drawings prepared for the project. The contractor will then follow the general sequence of work as outlined below:

- 19. The contractor will place all erosion and sedimentation control systems in accordance with the drawings, or as may be dictated by site conditions, in order to maintain the intent of the specifications and permits. Deficiencies or changes on the drawings shall be corrected or implemented as site conditions change. Changes during construction shall be noted and posted on the drawings (Site Plans).
- 20. The intent is to direct all water from disturbed areas through sedimentation controls prior to leaving construction boundaries. There shall be no discharge of untreated construction runoff from this site.
- 21. The contractor shall maintain temporary erosion and sedimentation control systems as dictated by site conditions, indicated in the construction documents, or as directed by governing authorities or owner to control sediment until final stabilization.
- 22. The contractor shall respond to any maintenance or additional work ordered by owner or governing authorities immediately, if required, and always within 7 days.
- 23. The contractor shall incorporate permanent erosion control features, permanent slope stabilization, and vegetation into the project plans at the earliest practical time to minimize the need for temporary controls.
- 24. Tree and vegetation clearing and any rough grading shall only occur if the disturbed soil surface can be stabilized within 48 hours of clearing. Tree and vegetation clearing shall be scheduled in conjunction with weather forecast such that no more than 1/4" of rain is to be expected within 48 hours of any clearing or grading activity.
- 25. Any area disturbed within the limit of work, but not within the limits of the solar array footprint are to be seeded with New England Conservation/ Wildlife Seed mix unless specified otherwise in the plan set.
- 26. The contractor shall stabilize all disturbed areas within 48 hours after final grading. In the event that it is not practical to seed areas, slopes must be stabilized with geotextile fabric or other means to reduce the erosive potential of the area.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

On-going access road O&M plan

1. Access road may be repaired as needed to maintain access to solar facility. 2. Vegetation in the access road may periodically be mown following the restrictions outlined under the vegetation maintenance plan below.

Solar Energy Equipment O&M plan

- 1. Periodic inspections of the perimeter fence, solar array, and connecting infrastructure will
- be made by the maintenance contractor. 2. Repairs to the security fence, including fence within the 100-foot buffer zone to
- wetlands, shall be made as needed 3. Erosion in access roads shall be repaired and stabilized.
- 4. Repairs to solar energy collecting and distribution equipment shall be made as needed. 5. Fence panels shall be raised approximately 6-inches off the ground to permit movement
- of ground dwelling animals.
- 6. Repairs to or replacement of utility poles shall be made as needed.
- 7. Access roads shall be maintained 8. Culverts shall be maintained as necessary, including cleaning or replacement.
- 9. Tall vegetation surrounding the solar array will be maintained to prevent shading of the array. No vegetation within wetlands will be cut.
- 10. Mowing will occur approximately once per year under and around the solar array.
- Vegetation Maintenance plan
- 1. Vegetation within the solar array, under and around the energy collecting panels and inside the perimeter fence, a strip of vegetation immediately outside of the fence limit, and any other location throughout the site, shall be mown annually as specified.
- 2. Shade management by selective tree cutting shall be performed as needed.

**ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS** 

**SWCA Environmental Consultants** (p) 413.256.0202

5 Research Drive Amherst, MA 01002 (f) 413.256.1092 www.swca.com

Site / Civil Engineering Prepared By:

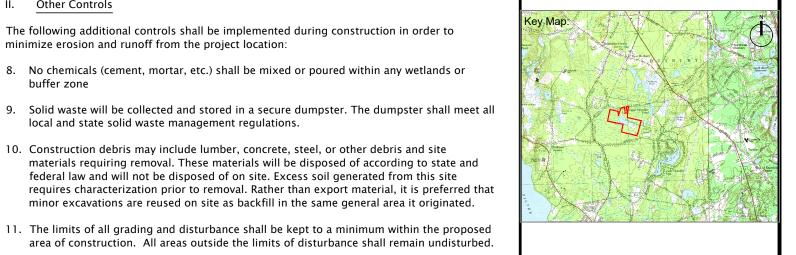
21 HIGH STREET, SUITE 207 NORTH ANDOVER, MA 01845 www.cdgengineering.com

p: 978-794-5400 f: 978-965-3971 Survey Perpared By:

PRIME ENGINEERING, INC. 0 BEDFORD STREET, LAKEVILLE, MA 02347 P: 508-947-0050 F: 508-947-2004

repared for:

VALLEY ROAD SOLAR, LLC





Project Title:

J&J FAMILY FARM AND SUNRAISE SOLAR ENERGY FACILITY PEMBROKE, MA

> 235 VALLEY STREET (Assessor's Map F4 Lot 2)

Sheet Title:

SITE DETAILS

Date:	04-26-2019
Scale:	As Shown
Drawn by:	TS
Checked by:	ММ
File #	50506.00

REVISIONS

VISION	DATE:	BY:
er review response	06-21-19	TS

Sheet No:

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